# **BIOLOGICAL FUNGICIDE**

**ChitoPro-F** is a biological fungicide for effective suppression/control of soil and foliar fungal pathogens for turf, fruit, vegetables, ornamentals, and row crops.

# 2.5 GAL / 9.464 L

#### Active Ingredients:

Quillaja Extract*	8.0%
Chitosan	2.0%
Other Ingredients:	. <u>90.0%</u>
Total:	100.0%
*Product contains 0.69% Saponins of Quillaja	saponaria

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER PELIGRO

See booklet for additional information, precautionary statements and directions for use.

EPA Reg No.: 92032-1 EPA Establishment No.: 91888-LA-2 Not for sale (or use) in California

Lot Number

Made in U.S.A.

Manufactured exclusively for:



P.O. Box 2085 • Carrollton, GA 30112 337-445-3657 • organisancorp.com



For effective suppression/control of listed plant diseases. For application to turf, fruit, vegetables, ornamentals, and row crops. Suppresses/controls soil and foliar fungal pathogens.

# **Active Ingredients:**

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Chitosan	2.0%
Other Ingredients:	<u>90.0%</u>
Total:	100.0%

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Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detaile. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

<b>FIRST AID</b>		
If in eyes:	If in eyes:       • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes.         • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.         • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
HOT LINE NUMBER Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for		

treatment. You may also contact **1-800-222-1222** for emergency medical treatment information.

# See booklet for additional information, precautionary statements and directions for use.

## Net Contents:

1.0 GAL / 3.785 L

2.5 GAL / 9.464 L

5.0 GAL / 18.928 L

EPA Reg. No. 92032-1 EPA Establishment No. 91888-LA-2 Not for sale (or use) in California Manufactured exclusively for:



Carrollton, GA 30112

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield. After product is diluted in accordance with the directions for use, goggles or face shield is not required. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

#### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water), is:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Shoes plus socks

#### FUNGICIDAL USE INSTRUCTIONS

ChitoPro-F is a fungicide for use on agricultural crops against the pests listed in the table on page 3 of this label. Apply ChitoPro-F as a soil treatment to control listed soil-borne diseases, and apply ChitoPro-F as a foiliar spray or as a soil treatment (soil drench, in-furrow, drip-applied) to control listed plant diseases. Organisan Corporation recommends its adjuvant Enhan-cer 2 and OII-YS adjuvant from the O2YS Corporation. Both adjuvants have been specifically formulated for use with ChitoPro-F-

#### **Mixing Directions**

Follow manufacturer's guidelines for cleaning spray equipment prior to mixing. Fill tank to desired amount with water, add all other spray components and agitate as directed. Buffer the mixture to pH 5.0 or below before adding ChitoPro-F. Start the mechanical or hydraulic agitation to provide moderate circulation before adding ChitoPro-F. Add the desired volume of ChitoPro-F to the mix tank and the remaining volume of water and continue circulation. Maintain circulation while loading and spraying. (Excessive agitation may lead to foaming of spray solution.) Do not mix more ChitoPro-F than can be used in 24 hours.

#### Tank Mixing

Do not combine ChitoPro-F in the spray tank with other pesticides, surfactants, adjuvants, or fertilizers if there has been no previous experience or use of the combination to show it is physically compatible, effective, or non-injurious under your use conditions.

To ensure compatibility of tank-mix combinations they must be evaluated prior to use. To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to one quart of water with agitation. Add dry formulations first, then flowables second, then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let this mixture stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can readily be remixed, it is physically compatibile. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

#### Fungicide Application Instructions (Soil and Foliar)

Apply ChitoPro-F in sufficient amount of water and adequate spray pressure to achieve thorough coverage of plant surfaces to listed crops to control listed plant and turf diseases, including rot, *Phytophthora* spp, and *Fusarium* spp. ChitoPro-F is most effective when applied before or around the onset of disease occurrence. For application areas that have undergone recent or multi-season soil fumigant applications for sterilization, initial ChitoPro-F effectiveness and disease suppression/control may be impacted, For treatment areas that have recent or multi-season soil fumigant applications, more frequent ChitoPro-F applications may be needed for optimum disease control. Apply ChitoPro-F at a rate of 1-2 pints per acre in a minimum of 10-30 gallons of water to ensure adequate coverage. Ensure that both the top and bottom of leaves are wetted but not to the point of runoff. For optimum results, repeat the applications at intervals of 7 to 21 days. Use higher rates and increase spray frequency when pest pressure is high. Use any powered or manual conventional spray application equipment including high volume, low volume, ultra-low volume, backpack, or chemigation (refer to Chemigation section of the label). For all applications, follow the original equipment manufacturer's instructions.

For perennial crops, apply ChitoPro-F just prior to a root flush to protect young roots. Multiple applications may be required for crops with multiple root flushes. ChitoPro-F may be applied to and incorporated into the soil. Incorporation may be accomplished by mechanical equipment, irrigation or rainfall. For soil applications made at planting, the action of some planters may provide sufficient incorporation. When using planters which do not provide adequate incorporation of ChitoPro-F into the soil, equipment designed for incorporation may be used behind the planter.

ChitoPro-F can be applied to bare soil alone or with most types of pesticides and nutrients prior to planting, at planting, at transplant, in-season, pre- and post-harvest. Apply with a minimum of 10-30 gallons of water per acre to ensure complete coverage. Use a jar test to confirm physical compatibility prior to application. Applications can be made by following methods:

Plant Disease	Application Timing	Application Method	Rate	Comments
Crop Diseases, including: Rhizoctonia spp. (R. solani) Garlic and Onion White Rot Onion Pink Root Rot Fusarium spp. (F. oxysporium, F. solani, F. graminearum) Aspergillus spp. Pseudomonas spp. Phytophthora spp. Phytophthora gummosis Phytophthora Root Rot Bacterial Soft Rot Armillaria Root Rot Bacterial Blast Sooty Mold Alternaria Melanose Verticillium	At earliest sign of disease occurrence	In-Furrow, Soil or Foliar Drench, drip (trickle) or sprinkler application pre-plant, post-plant, post-emergence, in-season, pre-harvest Surface spray with 10-30 gallons water/acre	Apply 1-2 pints of product per acre	Retreat every 7 to 21 days as needed for control.
<b>Turf and Sod Diseases, including:</b> Curvularia Leaf Spot Fairy Ring Anthracnose Brown Patch Gray Leaf Spot				

## FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING CROPS FOR CONTROL/SUPRESSION OF SPECIFIED PLANT DISEASES Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) = 0 days

Crop Grouping	(including)		
Cereal Grains	Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Oats, Quinoa, Rice, Rye (annual and cereal), Sorghum, Milo, Wheat, Grain Amaranth		
Berries and Small Fruit	Bayberry, Bearberry, Bilackberry, Blueberry, Buffaloberry, Che, Chilean guava, Chokeberry, Cloudberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Kiwifruit, Lingonberry, Loganberry, Mulberry, Raspberry, Strawberry		
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables	Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Broccoli, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, and Rape Greens		
Bulb Vegetables	Leek, Garlic, Onion (Bulb and Green) and Shallot		
Citrus	Lemon, Orange, Lime, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Pummelo, Mandarin, Satsuma		
Cotton			
Cucurbit Vegetables	Cucumber, Edible Gourds, Muskmelon, Cantaloupe, Pumpkin, Watermelon, and Winter and Summer Squash		
Fruiting Vegetables	Tomato, Tomatillo, Pepper, Ground cherry, Pepino, Okra and Eggplant		
Grass Forage, Fodder and Hay	Bermuda grass; bluegrass; and bromegrass or fescue, Bahia grass (Paspalum spp.) Orchard grass, Timothy grass, Crested Wheat Grass, Intermedi Wheat Grass		
Hemp			
Leafy Vegetables	Arugula, Celery, Corn Salad, Cress, Dandelion, Dock, Edible Chrysanthemum, Endive, Fennel, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Parsley, Purslane, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach and Swiss Chard		
Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried)			
Oilseed Crops	ps Rapeseed, canola, sunflower, safflower, flax seed, cottonseed, sesame, borage, calendula, castor oil plant, crambe, cuphea, echium, euphorbia, evening primrose, gold of pleasure, hare's ear mustard, jojoba, lesquerella, lunaris, meadowfoam, milkweed, mustard seed, niger seed, rose hip radish, poppy seed, stokes aster, sweet rocket, tallowood, tea oil plant, vernonia		
Ornamentals	Bare root, container bedding and landscape, shade and flowering trees, woody ornamentals		
Peanut			
Pome Fruits	Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Quince		
Root and Tuber Vegetables	Artichoke, Black Salsify, Carrot, Cassava, Celeriac, Chayote Root, Chicory, Chinese Artichoke, Edible Burdock, Garden Beet, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Jerusalem Artichoke, Oriental Radish, Parsnip, Potatoes, Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Skirret, Spanish Salsify, Sugar Beet, Sweet Potatoes, Tumeric, Turnip, Turnip-rooted Chervil, Turnip-rooted Parsley and Yams		
Sugarcane			
Tobacco			
Tree Nuts	Almond, Beech nut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)		
Tree Nurseries	Christmas trees, Fir, Pine, Oak, Spruce, Noble Fir, Scotch Pine, Balsam Fir, Douglas-Fir, Elm, Ash, Hickory, Poplar, Cedar, Locust, and other tree varieties for commercial use or reforestation		
Turfgrass	Ornamental lawns, golf courses, sod farms		

Crop Grouping (Con't)	(including)	
Herbs and Spices	Allspice, Angelica, Anise, Star Anise, Annatto, Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Cardamom, Cassia (buds and bark), Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil, Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander, Cilantro, Costmary, Culantro, Cumin, Curry, Dill, Fennel, Fenugreek, Grains of Paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage, Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, Mustard, Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley, Pennyroyal, Pepper (white and black), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood	
Stalk, Stem, and Leaf Petiole Vegetables	Agave, Aloe Vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Fennel, Fern, Fuki, Kale, Kohlrabi, Palm hearts, Prickly pear, Rhubarb, Udo, Zuiki	
Stone Fruits	Apricot, Capulin, Cherry, Jujube, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Plumcot, Prune, Sloe	
Hops		
Nongrass Animal Feeds	Alfalfa, Velvet Bean, Clover, Lespedeza, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Vetch (crown and milk), Bahia grass (Paspalum spp.)	

#### CHEMIGATION

#### **General Requirements:**

- Apply ChitoPro-F at 1 2 pints per acre as a pre-plant, at planting, post-plant soil treatment for control of nematodes or apply via foliar spray for treatment of listed insects and diseases.
- Apply ChitoPro-F only through 1) overhead boom and mist-type systems, 2) sprinklers such as center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, impact or micro-sprinklers or hand-move systems, 3) pressurized drench (flood), furrow, border, or drip (trickle) systems, 4) micro-irrigation such as spaghetti tube or individual tube irrigation, 5) handheld calibrated irrigation equipment such as hand-held wand with injector, and 6) ebb and flow systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- · Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

#### Application Instructions for All Types of Chemigation:

- 1. Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues, may cause ChitoPro-F to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2. Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- 3. To mix in supply tank, fill tank half way with water and add ChitoPro-F. Stir until completely dispersed. Fill tank with remaining amount of water.
- 4. Application of ChitoPro-F may be made continuously for the duration of the water application or can be applied at the end or after the water application.

#### Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems:

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Continuous agitation is not required in pesticide supply tanks unless tank mixing with other products or fluid fertilizers that require it.

#### Sprinkler Chemigation Requirements:

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Continuous agitation is not required in pesticide supply tanks unless tank mixing with other products or fluid fertilizers that require it.

#### Drip (Trickle) Chemigation Requirements:

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Use of a supply tank is recommended. Continuous agitation is not required in pesticide supply tanks unless tank mixing with other products or fluid fertilizers that require it.

#### Floor (Basin), Furrow, and Border Chemigation Requirements:

- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from back flow if water flow stops.
- Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

   The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
   The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of

fluid back toward the injection pump.

c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Use of a supply tank is recommended. Continuous agitation is not required in pesticide supply tanks unless tank mixing with other products or fluid fertilizers that require it.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool dry place. Avoid freezing.

**Pesticide Disposal:** To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program.

#### Container Handling:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Seller makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Seller is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Seller disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Seller election, the replacement of product.